WHAT IS VAPING?

Vaping is the act of inhaling the aerosol from an e-cigarette. **E-cigarettes** are electronic devices that deliver nicotine and other chemicals directly to the lungs. They can be refillable or disposable.

They are also known as: Electronic Nicotine Delivery Systems (ENDS) *E-devices * E-pens * E-hookahs * Vape-pipes * Vape-pens * Dap Pens * Dab Rigs * Juice * JUULs * Mods * Pod-Mods * Cigalikes

E-cigarette aerosol is NOT just "water vapor"



Prop 65* Chemicals Found in Vapor

Acetaldehyde
Formaldehyde
Isoprene
Toluene
Lead
Nickel
Nicotine
N-Nitrosonornicotine



Metals Found in the Vapor

Aluminum
Chromium
Copper
Iron
Manganese
Nickel
Lead
Antimony
Tin
Zinc



Chemicals That Cause Cancer Found in the Urine of People Who Vape

Acrylonitrile
Acrolein
Propylene Oxide
Acrylamide
Crotonaldehyde



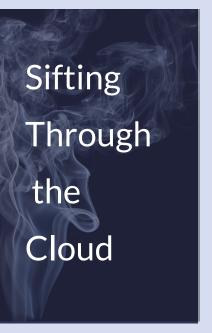
Flavor Danger

Diacetyl Acetyl propionyl Acetoin

These **known** chemicals found in flavorings can damage the lungs.

There are many more chemicals in flavoring that are not known.

* Proposition 65 (Prop 65) is the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. Prop 65 requires any product that contains chemicals known to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm contain a warning label when sold in the state of California.



Nicotine Harms

Nicotine lowers the amount of oxygen and nutrients that can get to the growing fetus.

Higher Nicotine Absorption

E-cigarettes are made to get more nicotine into the bloodstream, with less irritation, than regular cigarettes.

Labeling Problems

Some products labeled as 0% nicotine, actually had nicotine in them when tested in a lab.

Poisoning

Adults and children can be poisoned by vape juice by swallowing, breathing, or absorbing the liquid through skin and eyes.

COVID-19

People who vape have a higher risk of getting COVID-19 than those who do not use e-cigarettes.

What are the Potential Effects on Baby?

Early data shows the following but more studies are still needed.











Small Birth Size

Low Birth Weight



RECOMMENDATIONS



Talk to your doctor or trusted health professional.



Text "quit" to (202) 804-9884 for free support.



Seek professional help from a therapist, health coach, or tobacco specialist.



Contact your local PEHSU.



Enroll in a smoking cessation program.



Search online resources below.

If you have concerns or if someone has ingested nicotine, especially a child, call the Poison Help hotline immediately at 1-800-222-1222

- Pediatric Environmental Health Specialty Unit (PEHSU) www.pehsu.net
- American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists (ACOG) www.acog.org
- Healthy Children; American Academy of Pediatrics www.healthychildren.org
- American Lung Association www.lung.org
- SmokeFree Programs www.smokefree.org
- National Institute on Drug Abuse www.drugabuse.gov
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) www.cdc.gov/tobacco
- **American Association of Poison Control Centers** https://aapcc.org/prevention/tobacco-liquid-nicotine
- **Truth Initiative** https://truthinitiative.org





Pediatric Environmental



This document was supported by the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP) and funded (in part) by a cooperative agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (CDC/ATSDR). The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) supports the PEHSUs by providing partial funding to CDC/ATSDR through an Inter-Agency Agreement. The findings and conclusions presented have not been formally disseminated by CDC/ATSDR or EPA and should not be construed to represent any agency determination or policy. Use of trade names that may be mentioned is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the CDC/ATSDR or EPA.